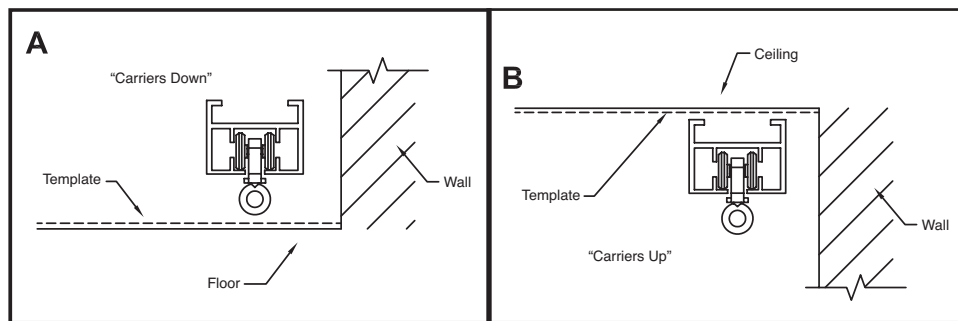


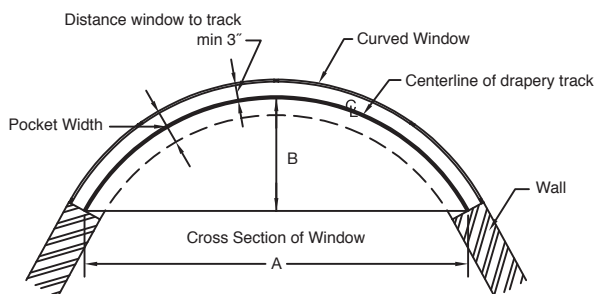
# Template Construction Instructions

1. Begin with construction paper exceeding the length and depth of the curve.
2. Have a marker, tape measure and tape for securing construction paper.
3. Place the construction paper onto the ceiling or floor (whichever follows the proper curvature).
4. Use tape to secure construction paper.
5. With marker, clearly define pocket depth, stacking side, motor placement and center line of track.
6. **Indicate whether the template was marked with the track above (A) or below (B) (see fig.1). Carrier placement is critical for proper curvature.**
7. Mark the radius of the curve.
8. Indicate the distance from the window or wall to the center of the track.  
**IMPORTANT: clear all obstacles (i.e. electrical, handles, and sills).**
9. Clearly define important measurement points:
  - a. Motor placement
  - b. Exact stopping point of track on template.
- c. Estimate fullness and carrier count, ceiling or wall mount.
10. The following measurements are critical to the precision of computerized track curving (see fig. 3):
  - a. Distance across to stopping points (cord length-A).
  - b. Distance from center of stopping points, back to apex of curve (height-B).
  - c. Total measurement of curve (track width-C).
11. Please consult a BTX representative for specialty curving applications. Certain curving applications require special attention and adjustments (see example below).

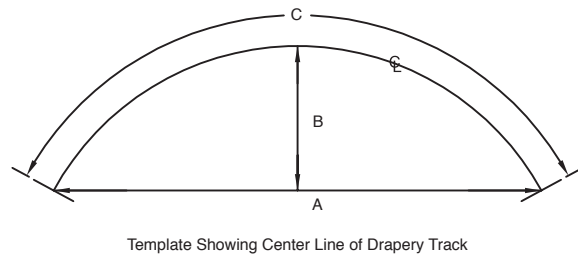
## You Must Circle one (A or B) in order for BTX to Properly Build your Curve



**Figure 1**



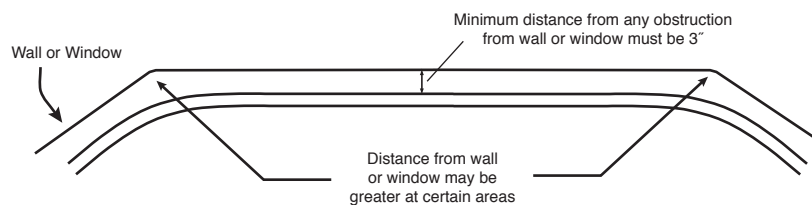
**Figure 2**



**Figure 3**

**NOTE: It is IMPORTANT that these measurements represent the center of the track, if the template line has been drawn along wall or window you must indicate the distance between center of track and the template line.**

**NOTE: Contact the factory for more information on creating templates for each drapery style.**



**Figure 4**